#### Are glass-ceramics a good energy storage material?

Glass-ceramics show a great application potential in sustainable development, environmental protection, high temperature, high voltage resistance, and so on. Given the breakdown strength has a great contribution to the energy storage density, alkali-free niobate-based glass-ceramics have emerged as a prominent energy storage material.

#### What is ultrahigh recoverable energy storage density (W rec)?

Along with the demand for further miniaturization of high and pulsed power devices, it becomes more and more important to realize ultrahigh recoverable energy storage density (W rec) with high energy storage efficiency (i) and ultrahigh discharge energy storage density (W d) accompanied by high power density (P d) in dielectrics.

What is a high power density electronic device?

Electrical equipment and electronic devices with high power density and integration have been developed in recent years. Glass-ceramic materials with high energy storage density, fast charge-discharge capability, and stable high-temperature performance play an important role in obtaining lightweight and miniature electronic components.

#### What is high-performance ferroelectric glass-ceramics?

High-performance ferroelectric glass-ceramics have attracted much research attention. Ferroelectric glass-ceramics with high energy storage densityhave been developed, although their application is limited. The basic mechanism of ferroelectric glass-ceramics requires investigation to improve their performance and meet future energy needs.

What are the dielectric properties of glass-ceramics at room temperature?

Table 1. The dielectric properties of samples at room temperature.  $W = 1 \ 2 \ e \ 0 \ e \ r \ E \ 2 \ (3)$  where e 0 is the dielectric constant of vacuum, e r is the dielectric constant of glass-ceramics, E is BDS. The maximum W reaches 27.47 J· cm -3 of G840. Thus, this material is an excellent candidate for future high voltage energy storage.

Do high energy densities translate into practical energy-storing devices?

It is obvious that high energy densities do notnecessarily translate into practical energy-storing devices owing to the aforementioned high-field-induced issues. Practically it is of great importance to reduce the applied electric field to the energy-storing working body.

The niobate-based glass-ceramics with a high energy storage density were prepared by using the controlled crystallization technology in the (Na 2 O, SrO) Nb 2 O 5 SiO 2 glass-ceramics. The dielectric properties, energy storage density, and discharge properties were investigated with the variation of the Na/Sr molar ratio.

1 Introduction. Dielectric capacitors with high power and energy density find important applications in a wide range of power electronics devices. [] It is no doubt that continuously improving energy storage density of dielectrics with ...

However, the dielectric constant of silicate glass is rather low (5-7), thus a design for oxide network is expected to enhance the dielectric constant [6], [10], [11].Dielectric constant values of 12-33 have been reported in several compositions with Nb 2 O 5 [12], [13], [14].Therefore, Nb 2 O 5 was chosen to improve the energy density, but its structural role in ...

Renewable energy storage has been actively investigation because of the exhausting trend of fossil fuel and the recycling renewable energy [1].Dielectric capacitors possess high power density and fast charge-discharge rate to suitable renewable energy storage [2, 3].Among the various technologies, such as electronic circuits, microwave communications ...

Glass-ceramics have high energy-storage density up to 14.58 ± 1.14 J/cm 3 with high breakdown strength of 2382 ± 92 kV/cm. Discharge energy density and discharge efficiency of glass-ceramic capacitor were achieved through a pulse charge-discharge circuit. The reduction of discharge efficiency with the increase of crystallization temperature ...

As a result of the enhanced BDS and polarization, this study achieved remarkable and comprehensive outcomes: a high efficiency (i) of 85.89%, a high energy density (Wrec) of ...

Dielectric capacitors with high energy storage performance are highly desired for advanced power electronic devices and systems. Even though strenuous efforts have been dedicated to closing the ...

Here, the linear dielectrics of PI and PESU with high glass transition temperature (T g) were proposed to improve the energy storage performance of composite, which hold the weakened carrier migration. The large band-gap of PESU and tight molecular chain of PI are beneficial for reducing leakage current density of composite, enhancing inter ...

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The glass-ceramic dielectrics and internal electrode structures are investigated for improving the general energy storage density of capacitors. Calculation indicates that glass-ceramics acquired from glass matrix annealing at 850°C for 3 hours can be approximately up to 17 J/cm3 in energy storage density. They are appropriately chosen as the dielectrics for ...

A high discharged energy density of 2.44 J/cm 3 and energy storage efficiency of 93% was obtained with an increase in Na 2 O content; at a low field strength, an actual discharge energy density of 0.156 J/cm 3, a high-power density (19.6 MW/cm 3), a fast discharge rate (14 ns) and an excellent wide temperature stability range (20-120 °C ...

Dielectric and energy storage properties of BaTiO 3 -Bi(Mg 1/2 Ti 1/2)O 3 ceramic: influence of glass addition and biasing electric field[J] Ceram Int, 43 (1) (2017), pp. 35-39. ... High energy-storage density under low electric fields and im proved optical transparency in novel sodium bismuth titanate-based lead-free ceramics. J Eur Ceram ...

To minimise global CO 2 emissions, renewable, smart, and clean energy systems with high energy storage performance must be rapidly deployed to achieve the United Nation''s sustainability goal. 2 The energy density of electrostatic or dielectric capacitors is far smaller than in batteries and fuel cells. 3-5 However, they possess the highest ...

High temperature and high energy density dipolar glass polymers based on sulfonylated poly(2,6-dimethyl-1,4-phenylene oxide) Angew. ... High energy density and discharging efficiency achieved in chlorinated polyethylene films for high energy-storage applications. Macromol. Chem. Phys., 219 (2018) 1700621. Google Scholar

The practical utility of glass-ceramics-based (GCs) energy storage materials is limited due to their low energy density. In this work, we synthesized the unleaded GCs containing two crystalline phases: Ba 1.938 Bi 0.375 Nb 5 O 15 and BaNb 2 O 6.An increase in crystallization time at a specific temperature initially leads to a decrease and then an increase ...

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With the rapid development of industrial societies, the environmental and energy crises have worsened in recent years, impeding the social progress [1]. To address these issues, numerous scholars have conducted research on energy storage materials, such as Li-ion batteries, fuel cells and dielectric capacitors [2], [3], [4]. Dielectric capacitors have received ...

The glass-ceramics heated at 750 °C have the high breakdown strength of 1487 kV/cm, the maximum energy density of 9.61 J/cm3 and high energy efficiency of 89%, while the actual discharge density reaches the ...

BaTiO3 ceramics are difficult to withstand high electric fields, so the energy storage density is relatively low, inhabiting their applications for miniaturized and lightweight power electronic devices. To address this issue, we added Sr0.7Bi0.2TiO3 (SBT) into BaTiO3 (BT) to destroy the long-range ferroelectric domains. Ca2+ was

introduced into BT-SBT in the ...

Metallized film capacitors towards capacitive energy storage at elevated temperatures and electric field extremes call for high-temperature polymer dielectrics with high glass transition temperature (T g), large bandgap (E g), and concurrently excellent self-healing ability. However, traditional high-temperature polymers possess conjugate nature and high S ...

Hence, according to the formulas (1)-(5), a feasible approach for achieving high energy storage density in dielectrics is the combination of high polarization with the independence to electric field, high breakdown strength, and small dielectric loss, which will facilitate the miniaturization of dielectric energy storage devices.

It is no doubt that continuously improving energy storage density of dielectrics with high power density is indispensable to further miniaturize high and pulsed power devices, and many strategies were proposed to enhance energy ...

Polymer based dielectrics are widely used in metalized film capacitors because of their high breakdown strength, prominent machining performance and low cost. Current commercial polymer dielectrics suffer from either low discharging efficiency or low discharged energy density, thus impeding the development o

A key parameter of polymer dielectrics for high-temperature energy storage is the glass transition temperature (T g) and thermal stability [12]. When the temperature is close to the T g, polymer dielectrics will lose the dimensional and electromechanical stability, and the dielectric properties and capacitive storage performances will be greatly affected.

Developing dielectric capacitors with both a high power density and a high energy density for application in power electronics has been a long-standing challenge. Glass-ceramics offer the potential of retaining the high relative permittivity of ...

The widespread application of dielectric materials in pulse power technologies for example accelerators and electromagnetic pulse weapons has led to their increasing attention in energy storage capacitors [1].Currently, dielectric materials used for capacitors include ceramic, polymer, glass-ceramic, and ceramic-polymer composite [2, 3].Among them, ceramic ...

High energy storage density achieved in polymer composites by hierarchical interface engineering design. Author links open overlay panel Yang Liu a ... (PEI, T g ? 220 ?) with a high glass transition temperature (T g) is composited with nano-fillers with a high dielectric constant to improve the storage properties of dielectric polymers ...

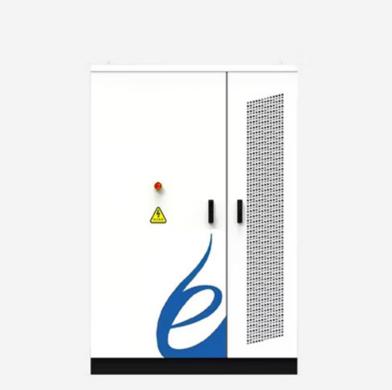
Here, a strategy is proposed for enhancing recoverable energy storage density (W r) while maintaining a high energy storage efficiency (i) in glassy ferroelectrics by creating super tetragonal (super-T) nanostructures around morphotropic ...

For instance, these polymers can only attain 0.24-0.89J/cm³ energy storage density at 150°C, even if they are able to achieve 90% energy storage efficiency (i). Therefore, relying solely on polymers with high T g cannot effectively achieve superior high-temperature energy storage performance. It has been shown that hexagonal Boron nitride ...

High-performance lead-free dielectric energy storage films have received a lot of attention in the modern electronics industry. In this work, sandwich structured SiO 2 /Ba 0.6 Sr 0.4 Ce 0.05 Ti 0.95 O 3 (BST-Ce)/ZrO 2 and Al 2 O 3 /BST-Ce/ZrO 2 composite films were prepared on ITO/glass substrate by a combination of electron beam evaporation and post-annealing. ...

Divalent metal oxide BaO in the glass stimulated a depressor effect, filling gaps and increasing resistivity. The optimal composition (x = 0.2) achieved a 95 % energy storage efficiency and an energy storage density of 4.4 J/cm 3 at 680 kV/cm, while x = 0.25 reached an ultra-high

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