Does Water Transfer Scheme 2 reduce the impact of inter-basin water transfer?

Through quantitative analysis, we found that compared to water transfer Scheme 1, water transfer Scheme 2 can reduce the impactof inter-basin water transfer on the power generation of the cascade reservoirs of the Yangtze River mainstream, thus reducing the risk of insufficient power supply during the dry season.

Will Water Transfer Scheme 1 aggravate the problem of insufficient power supply?

Since the power generation during the dry season is already insufficient,water transfer Scheme 1 would aggravate the problem of insufficient power supplyduring the dry season of the Yangtze River mainstem. Table 6.

What is Water Transfer Scheme 2?

Water transfer Scheme 2 involves distributing the annual water transfer amount evenly across each month, under the premise of a constant total water transfer amount, in order to achieve a balanced and stable water transfer, and minimize construction costs.

Does Scheme 2 reduce the loss of hydropower generation?

Comparing two inter-basin water transfer schemes, Scheme 2 was found to reduce the loss of hydropower generation in the Yangtze River cascade hydropower stations without decreasing the total amount of water transferred. Compared to Scheme 1, Scheme 2 could reduce the loss of hydropower generation by 1.38 billion kilowatt-hours.

Do Water Transfer schemes reduce pressure on groundwater resources?

While it has been shown that water transfer schemes can reduce the pressure on groundwater resources(Poland,1981),improve water quality (Hu et al.,2008; Rivera-Monroy et al.,2013),and support ecosystem restoration measures (Snedden et al.,2007; Dadaser-Celik et al.,2009); there are concerns about their impacts.

How aquifer thermal energy storage system works?

Aquifer thermal energy storage system The idea of deliberate storage of heat and cold in aquifers, can be traced back to the mid-1960s (Fleuchaus et al., 2018) in China, where the cold water would injected into aquifers in order to rectify the subsidence problem.

Kielder reservoir in Northumberland is an example of a water transfer scheme close water ... This is a reliable and clean source of energy. The reservoir has reduced water insecurity close water ...

The Yangtze River Basin experiences frequent extreme heatwaves and prolonged droughts, resulting in a tight supply demand balance of electricity and negatively impacting socioeconomic production. Meanwhile, ...

The South-to-North Water Diversion (SNWD) Project is the world's largest interbasin water-transfer scheme. In addition to the environmental and ecological effects mentioned above, the SNWD Project has encountered unexpected challenges that provide valuable experience for future water-diversion projects--particularly those in the proposal and ...

Owing to uneven temporal and spatial distributions of freshwater resources, it is common for some basins in China to have more water than required by local residents, industry and agriculture, while others have less (Zhang et al., 2015) order to address the spatial and sometimes temporal mismatch between supply and demand of freshwater, inter-basin water ...

Water resource and energy are the foundation of human survival and development. The study of water-energy nexus has been conducted in and out of China, which has been reviewed and compared in terms of scope, objectives, methodologies, and key findings [1]. The water-related energy use processes have been sorted out after setting forth the implication ...

The development of large-scale, low-cost, and high-efficiency energy storage technology is imperative for the establishment of a novel power system based on renewable energy sources [3]. The continuous penetration of renewable energy has challenged the stability of the power grid, necessitating thermal power units to expand their operating range by reducing ...

The transition towards a low-carbon energy system is driving increased research and development in renewable energy technologies, including heat pumps and thermal energy storage (TES) systems [1]. These technologies are essential for reducing greenhouse gas emissions and increasing energy efficiency, particularly in the heating and cooling sectors [2, 3].

Through quantitative analysis, we found that compared to water transfer Scheme 1, water transfer Scheme 2 can reduce the impact of inter-basin water transfer on the power ...

The energy utilization efficiencies are 59.1 % for the flue gas thermal storage scheme, 57.7 % for the main steam thermal storage scheme, and 56.2 % for the reheat steam thermal storage scheme. This represents an improvement of 3.3 % compared to the main steam scheme and 6.6 % compared to the reheat steam scheme.

The modelling approach demonstrates that the proposed "dual water and energy storage scheme", with two different hydrological cycles for up- and down-stream regions, can guarantee enough water for energy generation in upstream countries in winter while ensuring ...

The second approach for utility scale energy storage is to convert energy into fuel, for example, using electricity to generate H 2 from water by electrolysis [73, 74]. Hydrogen may then be stored ...

Water transfers between basins have been used for thousands of years to alleviate water scarcity issues or

provide water to areas where it is needed (Zhuang, 2016). The first records of water transfer projects were in ancient Babylon and the Egyptian civilization (Meador, 1992; Zhuang, 2016). IBTs have since been proposed as a solution to water ...

The water sector faces urgent socio-economic, environmental and resilience challenges, due to climate change impacts on the availability of water resources, population growth, industrialization, operational issues (e.g., infrastructure aging, leakages, water quality), increasing energy prices, and lack of coordination among actors such as water utilities, ...

In the case of no external water transfer in the mode of generating hydropower depending on water supply, the guarantee rate of water supply in the current year 2020 and the prospective level year of 2030 is 76.4%, both higher than the design target of 75%, and the South-to-North Water Diversion Works greatly improve the cascade power generation.

Water scarcity is rapidly affecting every continent and countries are exploring new sources of water to meet the increased demand for fresh water. This paper seeks to make progress in this area...

A new framework for reconstructing terrestrial water storage (TWS) is proposed. This framework physically distinguishes climate and human impacts on TWS anomaly variations. Inter-basin water transfer and agriculture ...

Introduction. Inter-basin water transfer projects are critical to minimize the conflicts between competing water resource demands and supplies (Bonacci and Andric, 2010; Sadegh et al., 2010; Yu et al., 2020). The inter ...

On Thursday, Eskom said that the country's current electricity supply is stable and the utility is maintaining a sufficient and consistent base load generation capacity. Due to the stability, the Drakensberg Pumped Storage ...

Perspectives on thermal energy storage research. Author links open overlay ... a combination of molten salt is used to heat the bypass water supply. This scheme is the best flexible peak shaving transformation plan for the unit studied in this article, which can recover the initial investment within five years and meet the requirements of ...

Several studies have concentrated on enhancing LHTES systems by adding fins into the shell and tube PCM heat exchangers. Ajarostaghi et al. [38] carried out a detailed computational analysis on shell-and-tube PCM storage featuring fins to improve thermal efficiency. They examined the effect of the number and configuration of HTF tubes, in addition ...

Water transfer megaprojects (WTMP) are defined here as large-scale engineering interventions to divert water within and between river basins that meet one of the following ...

Nuclear energies including fission and fusion are the hope of sustainable development of energy source [2].Especially, the fusion energy is considered the "ultimate energy" due to the advantages such as high energy density, theoretically safe, and almost unlimited raw materials [2], which has attracted continuous investment and diversified ...

Large-scale water storage supports economic development, builds water security and buffers against increasing rainfall variability. Well-designed water storage and hydropower systems can enhance both climate change adaptation and ...

These water transfer projects have several precedents around the world, mostly in Mediterranean regions (for example, Ebro, Spain and California, United States) 6 fining whether these projects ...

A water market is an effective way to increase water-use benefits. A preliminary market for irrigation water trading among villages has emerged in the arid area of northwestern China since 2008.

In order to improve the performance of air-source heat pump, the energy transfer process in defrosting process of air source heat pump unit has been studied [11]. An improved air-source heat pump system for three-cylinder and two-stage variable volume ratio rotary compressor has been proposed, which can effectively improve the performance of the heat ...

It can be found the maximum energy storage power is 285.17 MWth, the maximum energy release power is 279.65 MWth, and the heat storage/release ratio is approximately 1.02:1, which is nearly balanced. At this point, the system's energy storage round-trip efficiency is 100%, indicating that there is almost no efficiency loss from the system ...

On the basis of underground depth, ATES is further divided into low-temperature aquifer thermal energy storage (<500 m) (LT-ATES) and high-temperature aquifer thermal energy storage (>=500 m) (HT-ATES) [3]. Although LT-ATES is of low cost according to available research, it has disadvantages such as low storage temperature, unbalanced cold and ...

Solar systems coupled with water-based storage have a great potential to alleviate the energy demand. Solar systems linked with pumped hydro storage stations demonstrate ...

For the energy system in the future, coal-fired power plants (CFPPs) would transfer from the base load to the grid peak-shaving resource [6].However, the power load rate of the CFPPs usually cannot fall below 30 % of the rated load (i.e., 30 % THA, THA: thermal heat acceptance condition) due to the limitation from the ability of steady-state combustion on the ...

Water distribution system (WDS) aims to distribute water from reservoirs or aqueducts to the end-users. This

system is part of the water supply network that carries potable water from a central ...

About 5% of water supplied to homes and businesses in the UK comes from water piped in from outside the immediate area, but such schemes have fallen out of favour in the last decades as concerns have risen about the environmental ...

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